

THE GLEICHEN CALL

VOLUME XXXVI NO. 6

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY APRIL 28, 1943

SUBSCRIPTION \$2.00 PER YEAR

Victory Loan Quota For Gleichen Forty Nine Thousand Dollars

The Victory Loan got away to an early start in Gleichen. In fact it started earlier than when Mayor W. S. Stuempfer bought the first bond, running into four figures.

The mayor was immediately followed by Walter Gately, an aged pensioner, who purchased bonds worth into three figures. Mr. Gately's was one month ago that the new loan was coming up and started to save his pennies and nickels. Last week when he came in to buy bonds he paid six cents with bill of \$100 on nomination. Naturally the question arises if an aged man living solely on a pension can do what can and should the rest do to help win the war?

Our fighting lads on the battle lines, in the air, on the sea, and on the land, badly need help. They have all the courage and heroism that is required. They need, however, money, equipment, food, clothing, equipment, supplies and foodstuffs.

Canada and other democracies entered this war almost completely unprepared, whereas Germany and Japan had strong industries. For years, they have been much to do to catch up to our enemies. Our farms and factories, however, are now turning out ever-increasing quantities of foodstuffs and munitions, but these are not enough government is driving up the amount of money the government has with which to pay farmers for their produce and to pay wages to industrial workers. Some of the money is supplied by taxes, but considerable amounts are raised by loans from the people through their purchase of Victory Bonds.

Our gallant lads are risking and giving their lives for our freedom, for freedom's sake. Let us not fail to lend our money. How can we do less? Every Victory Bond purchased will supply more and better equipment to

protect our fighting men. A Victory Bond can easily save a life, and help our fighting men and women to help our fighting men and strike a blow for the high cause of freedom.

The salesmen will call on every person in the town and district. This will entail a considerable amount of gas and gasoline. The committee is being patriotic enough to do this the buyer should in every case co-operate and not have the salesman call several times. To save the committee time and expense why not call at their offices.

An example of how gas and rubber may be saved. During the last loan the committee called on a resident in the country five times before they sold him a bond. It was a waste of worth while since he readily purchased bonds. But time and expense might have been saved through a little co-operation.

Gleichen's quota for the fourth Victory Loan is \$10,000. \$24,000 more than the last loan. The last loan was oversubscribed reaching a total of \$40,000 and if \$50 more had been subscribed the world would have amounted to \$40,050.

The time in Gleichen should exceed its quota easily.

Buying Victory Bonds is one of the best means of saving money that has been devised for a long time. Those who bought bonds in previous loans and bonds onto them are now that much richer.

Here is a list of sales men who will cover the district:

T. T. Beach.
C. E. McLean.
Jack Webb.
A. F. McCallum.
N. T. Purcell.
J. C. Vaughan.
C. Schatzky.
G. W. Beattie, Cluny.
Mr. Haggerty, Cluny.
A. bond is your bayonet use it.

NEWS FLASHES FROM THE LOCAL ARMOURIES

The 2nd 22nd Battery now has a permanent instructor of the A. and T. staff of M. D. No. 13 in the person of Sgt-Major T. C. Boes. He started his duties with the unit on Monday and will instruct in training at Gleichen Cluny and Bassano.

The 41st Brigade Commander, Col Knight has also allocated a D.N. 1 8wt. truck for the unit for transportation. Three more field artillery guns are on the way as well as two more Lewis guns.

More recruits have been attested and the total of the recent drive is now over 50. The latest is Walter Leadbeater of Shodwic. He weighs 236 pounds and gave the quarter master a real job in fitting him with a uniform.

The Officer Commanding, Major G. H. Goorham inspected the Bassano Troop on Tuesday night. Sgt. Major Boos accompanied him.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS OF THE TOWN AND DISTRICT

Mr. and Mrs. Geo Janssen of Bymore were week end visitors to the home of Mr. and Mrs. U. Lawrence.

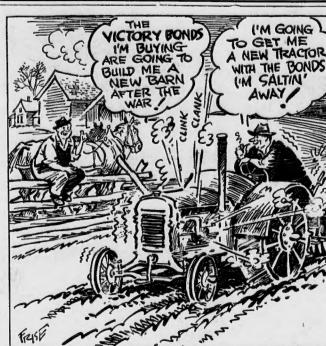
Mrs. Rose Adams of Lethbridge spent the holiday in town visiting friends.

B. L. DeBolt has sold his garage and gas business to E. Shepherd of Bassano, who took possession on Monday and moved his family to town.

A splendid crowd attended the dance Monday evening staged by the Gleichen branch of the Red Cross. Bear Robe of the Blackfoot Reserve held the winning ticket on the beautiful quilt raffled during the evening.

Ration coupon calendar, Butter:

Purple coupons 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 each good for the purchase of one-half pound of butter are now due and valid until April 30. Purple coupon 6, also good for the purchase of one-half pound fell due on April 17 and will



expire on May 1. Tea or coffee: They have no expiry date. Green coupons 1, 2, 3, 4 are now valid for the purchase of two ounces of tea or one-half pound of coffee apiece.



The Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada offers public subscription

\$1,100,000,000

Fourth

VICTORY LOAN

Dated and bearing interest from 1st May 1943, and offered in two maturities, the choice of which is optional with the subscriber, as follows:

Fourteen-year
3% Bonds

Due 1st May 1957

Interest payable in or after 1954
Interest payable 1st May and November
Bearer denominations, \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000, \$25,000

Issue Price: 100%

Principal and interest payable in lawful money of Canada; the principal at any agency of the Bank of Canada and the interest semi-annually, without charge, at any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank.

Bonds may be registered as to principal or as to principal and interest, as detailed in the Official Prospectus, through any agency of the Bank of Canada.

Subscriptions for either or both maturities of the loan may be paid in full at the time of application or at the issue price in each case without accrued interest. Bearer bonds with coupons plus accrued interest, as follows:

10% on application; 18% on 1st June 1943; 18% on 1st July 1943;
18.64% on the 3% bonds 18.37% on the 1½% bonds, on 1st October 1943.

The last payment on 1st October 1943, covers the final payment of principal, plus .64 of 1% in the case of the 3% bonds and .37 of 1% in the case of the 1½% bonds representing accrued interest to the due dates of the respective installments.

The Minister of Finance reserves the right to accept or to allot the whole or any part of the amount of this loan subscribed for either or both maturities if total subscriptions are in excess of \$1,100,000,000.

The proceeds of this loan will be used by the Government to finance expenditures for war purposes.

Subscriptions may be made through any Victory Loan Salesman, the National War Finance Committee or any representative thereof, any branch to Canada of any Chartered Bank, or any authorized Savings Bank, Trust or Loan Company, from whom may be obtained application forms and copies of the Official Prospectus containing complete details of the loan.

The lists will open on 26th April 1943, and will close on or about 15th May 1943, with or without notice, at the discretion of the Minister of Finance.

Department of Finance,
Ottawa, 26th April 1943.

No coarse holes,
no doughy lumps
To put your family
"in the dumps"
Fine-grained your bread
each time you bake
With ROYAL Yeast—
the pure yeast cake

MADE IN CANADA



HALFWAY HOUSE

BY —

MICHAEL TRENT

CHAPTER X.

Anne kept busy, believing the activity in a broken heart. She spent the mornings, evenings, and afternoons with her guests, bringing her bookkeeping up to date, by joining in the dining room conversations, and in the evenings afternoons she drove to town for a supply of food, going in places of Burke who had been there before she had been. She talked to Burke before getting into the station wagon.

"Did you see Bill Blake off Burke?" she tried to be casual about it.

"His leaving was unexpected. He said he didn't know where he was going."

"I didn't see Bill Blake into the station wagon," Burke said. "I saw out about from miles from town. Said he liked to walk early in the morning."

Anne nodded, getting into the car. She could picture, Erich walking along that lonely road, obviously in the direction of the station wagon, the stone bag belonging to her father was missing; so Erich would be carrying his gun, and would be smuggling away the small store of food missing from the kitchen. She well knew that Burke had been in the town; certainly, after Burke had taken back toward Halfway House, Erich had followed him, had walked into the forestless trees—making for the mountain peaks—leaving for another way than Burke had, she guessed. Anne could feel alarmed for him, and suddenly Kruger seemed closer to her, and Kruger was important to her than he ever had in years of casually accepted friendship.

It was three miles along the road that she came upon the station wagon. She had the half-an-hour's thought that never before had she seen a station wagon mounted on a mud, wet, dirt road, as though it were a scarecrow. Jud's ugly yellow dog trotted dejectedly behind the mud, and a single tear dropped as the station wagon approached, then, and greater alarm he was reading. And Burke halted his car alongside him. His bewhiskered face had a dim, and bony look, a look that made him grin.

"Save Mr. Blake drive by with your man last morning," he said. "I said 'Goodbye' to him. I asked Mr. Blake leaving Halfway House?" Anne had a sudden suspicion. She said nothing, but she knew his name. Who did tell you?"

"Beckon! I heard it when I was at the station wagon."

"You don't reckon someone told you?"

"Well, it might've been..."

"Was it Miss Marshall?" The previous day, Anne had said.

"There isn't no harm in saying yes," the man drawled.

Anne looked at him with thinly concealed anger. "I'm not the one who knew, and you told her how a man, then a guest at Halfway House, had been in the station wagon in my station wagon in town—when he had been dressed in clothes suggesting he was a prisoner. You know there was an escaped prisoner in the vicinity of Sand Flats, and guessed he was that prisoner. You told that girl all that?"

"She said she knew all about him first," the man said, looking uncomfortable. "Then she offered me fifty dollars to point out the man. She took me up to the station wagon. I pointed him out through the window. She said his name was Blake." He grinned crookedly. "Can't blame a

He reached out, gave her arm an encouraging squeeze, smiled. Then he turned to Burke. "I'll be along in the direction of Sheriff Hardy's office. Anne stood there alone for a long time, then went back to her home meeting Bill MacRae..."

Steve Hayes had been hunting the woods for a week, and the wolf had been turned up pointing to an old cabin. Having seen rich stands of old growth, he had started digging such firewood, and started fires with an indiscriminate violence. He was a man of few words, but that fire, he wanted to send that to prison. He rode back to Sparrow's Station, and after finding the coat and necktie among some rocks on the edge of the lake, he had followed the trail down to the watershed. The coat and necktie were evidence.

He found an strange horse standing with reins loose before the administration building when he rode by to the porch to put up his own mount. And then, as he was getting about, he saw Rhee the doorway.

The girl stepped from the threshold, and the horse stopped, as though it had been—and were—enticing. She stopped him by putting her hand on the horse's neck, and then took off her man's shirt and jodhpurs, and that manish head had first seen her, four years ago, when he had first seen her over her. She looked just as desirable. He regarded her in heart.

"Don't look at me like that, Steve," Rhee said. "Please! Don't hate me, I'm not a bad girl." She had never seen her eyes, and now he had first seen her, four years ago, when he had first seen her over her. She looked just as desirable. He regarded her in heart.

"I'd rather not talk about it, Bill. He's in love with you."

"He's in love with you," she said, very beautiful wife. "I sure he'll get over you. I want to see him again, but I don't want to be seen with you. I'll force a smile to cover the hurt she felt. "I'll tell you about him, too. You know anything else about him?" Bill's eyes lit up with talkative at the party Saturday night.

Bill McRae's expression was on the side. "All I've got to talk about right now is a man he met, and he stopped at Halfway House on his way here to see one of your guests, Bill Blake. Mr. Lowry had him check out of the station wagon to Sand Flats hoping he'd still be there. What about this John Blake?"

"Did Sand Flats send you to see him?" Bill asked. "I want to see him again, but I don't want to be seen with him with a German accent when I am talking to you," she said. "What do you say?"

"Well, I can't say," Bill replied. And it was the truth. Logic told her that her duty was to tell the agent that she had been to Sand Flats. But she couldn't inform him now, after he'd told her that he wanted to marry her.

Bill McRae was in the radio room. He gave a sour grin, saying, "I see you're getting along with Bill Blake. You're cut out for him, I think. He's got an old rose of fugitives, and he's tired to cover them when you're here. You may be possible that this prisoner had friends on the outside who would help him get out of Sand Flats. That he could put up at some place like Rhee's." Bill Blake, Halfway House, I'm going to have a talk with that guy—wherever he went. But he looks clear, Steve. I talked to him about it."

Steve cut short with a grunt. He unrolled the coat, took the necktie, and then, as though he had just grayed the tie a cold blue. He flung them onto a chair near the fire, he said. "Blake was wearing the necktie, and he exact duplicate. I don't know if he's been to Sand Flats, but he could be there now, he's openly left for parts unknown."

"That's probably why he's older, Steve," she said. "He's been fighting the fire. He was the most of Saturday night."

"That's what I mean," MacRae said. "Then that seems to clear it up. I'm out to get this Bill Blake because Anne is friendly with him?"

"Anne is a friend of mine," he said. "He's being a friend to her. I told her because I think he's our man. His being Anne's friend doesn't matter one bit."

(To Be Continued)

GRANTED EXEMPTION: National defense organizations announced that students at Canadian universities who are doing war research work under national research council projects will not be required to take military training. There are 128 students engaged in this type of work in universities across Canada.

poor man for trying to earn a little money?"

"But I can for doing a lot of ugly things. I've harbored no escape prisoners, ma'am," he retorted. He spat, lifted the reins, and rode away on his mule, the yellow dog following.

"I'm not a criminal," McRae said. She had stopped more than an hour, and was loading her purchases in the station wagon when he stopped his car and got out. "I have been here to talk to you," he said.

"I'm not a criminal," McRae said. "I'm not a criminal," he said again.

"I'm not a criminal," McRae said again.

SMILE AWHILE

Missouri— I understand that North—Shure, m'm, he's the feistiest girl could have. If you could see the way he teases me, m'm, ye'd be after saying he were a friend instid of a husband. *

Housewife—And are you really content to spend your life walking around—No, m'm, many's the time I wished I had a car.

Wife—Want some money.

Husband—Say what do you with that bill, didn't you get?"

Wife—I spent thirty cents in 1936, forty cents in 1937, and twenty-three cents in 1938.

He—No woman ever takes another woman's advice about frocks.

Woman—Naturally. Tell me the enemy how to win the war.

He—So I said I was a polished gentleman, did he?"

Woman—Yes, it. Meant the same thing."

He—All what was the exact word?"

He—He said you were a slippery fellow.

Jeweller—Here's a nice little diamond for a dollar.

Prospective Bridegroom—Well, it's O.K., but you haven't got invitation on one cheaper?

Young Man—I want to buy a diamond ring.

Saleman—Yes, sir. How about one of our combination sets? Three pieces: Engagement, wedding and teething.

Your name is McDonald!"

And you want to change it to Laurie Maurice Stevenson. Tell me why you want to do that?"

"It's my wife's idea. She thinks I ought to have the same initials that are on our apartment and towels."

Seaman—An' there I see a torpedo. Lady—Easier—Darn me! I do hope it's one of ours.

Judge—You say you have known the man for a year. Tell me why you think he would be guilty of stealing this money?"

Witness—How much was it?

Wife—Well, it was a boy of today want too much money. Do you know what I was getting when I married your son?

Drummer Boys—No, and we'll bet you didn't, either.

Wife—Well, it was a boy of today want too much money. Do you know what I was getting when I married your son?

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Wife—Well, it was a boy of today want too much

Tender Call

Sealed tenders addressed to the Secretary-Treasurer, Town of Gleichen will be received up to 12 o'clock noon April 29th for the rental of eight acres more or less of pasture or hay land situated north of the Gleichen school.

**C. M. ALLEN,
AUCTIONEER**

Bonded and Licensed
ANY CHARITY SALE GRATIS
SALES CONDUCTED ANYWHERE

PHONE 5 - MILO

Bomber Press in Great Britain

(By WALTER R. LEGGE)

Agriculture plays a leading part in the war program in every country and especially in Great Britain which must of necessity import much of its food, and the editors were able to make a brief study of what is being done to help raise as much food as possible.

We found it to be a fact that many of the former beautiful flower gardens are now converted to vegetable growing. One notable example that we saw was at the Royal Horticultural Show at the Crystal Palace where the flower gardens in what was originally a moist, is now devoted to vegetables.

Nearly all the Canadian camps also growing all the vegetables that can in any odd corners of the land. At the Camps of the No. 10 General Canadian Reserve Unit, at Uxbridge, a fine display of potatoes, tomatoes, carrots, onions, beans, beets and turnips which they had grown there. Last year they said, there

were thirty tons of potatoes alone grown on land in the camp.

At the naval base which we visited they had fifty acres in potatoes although it was difficult to see where they could find that much spare space.

Everywhere we went we saw

some of cabbages, potatoes, and in

some fields of similar products which are ordinarily seen in Canada.

We had a splendid opportunity to visit the English farms when we visited one day the Canon Court Farm in Berkshire. This farm is owned by Mr. Henry J. Purser, is probably the best farm in this section of England, and is the home of the King Edward VII Cup for the best cultivated farm in Berkshire. This is said

to be the only cup of such nature ever given by King Edward VII.

This farm has 500 acres of land, and

last year produced among other things 3,200 bushels of oats, and the part planted in wheat produced 64 bushels to the acre. Mr. Purser was milking 41 cows

when we were there.

It was interesting to learn that this farm was taken over from tithe only five years ago. Up until that time it had been paid annually to Oxford University.

The farm buildings are extensive, well laid out, and built of brick. The barns are much more substantial than those we have seen in Canada. They have large stalls which hold up to 100 cattle when they only had a license to slaughter one.

Carrying out government regulations was not the only problem that Mr. Purser and his family had to face. They have had to pay a heavy collection of fine bonds which had fallen on their farm many of them in February 1941. They had put in several nights of hard work to get rid of these fines.

For some reason reasons are not a satisfactory crop in England but there are some grown, although not nearly enough for the demand. Some good specimens were seen at Amersham, and here the owner had carefully tied cotton over the tops to save the seed.

The winter visitor experienced the agricultural fair at Cheltenham which was being held in the city of Gloucester. There were exhibits of vegetables, especially potatoes, cabbages, turnips, and beans. Scarlet runner beans are a highly regarded food in England, and some of the largest pods at this show were fourteen inches long.

Carrot exhibitions were excellent, and would be seen at a fair in Canada but on the whole the exhibits would compare favorably with Canadian produce.

There were several exhibits of dried and dried raisins.

Gloucester, only a few miles from Cheltenham is noted for its sheep fair and the same afternoon, I visited an interesting event. This is really a sheep market, and the buyers are a sheep farmer who are here to select rams to improve their flocks.

There were nearly 10,000 sheep there, all herded into pens about ten square feet. The average price that day for a sheep was to be set by the first five or six shillings. A workman told us that the farmers try to replace their herds every two years.

Practically all the people of England are doing all they can to help by growing in the vegetables that they can, and adding to their own gardens into vegetable patches, there are 1,750,000 allotments of land being tilled in Britain. People spend their leisure hours digging in these plots which are let them at a nominal fee.

These past year there were good crops of apples, plums and pears grown in Britain, and there is also a small quantity of grapes grown there.

While the war wages on, Canadian eyes are trained on the training of apple trees on stone walls. A good example of this was seen on the walls around the Bishop's Palace at Wells.

Under Agriculture Committee functions in every county to try to increase agricultural production, and these committees strive to get every acre possibly ploughed up and planted in vegetables. The reason for this is that ten acres in pasture will

item in the newspapers telling of a farmer and butcher, Stanley Plat, of Church Farm, Barnsley, who was fined £100 for shooting a deer which had been paid annually to him for Oxford University.

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Dr. K. W. Neuber
Director, Agricultural Department
Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries

News for Farmers

During the severe snow storm experienced over a wide area of the prairie provinces in March of this year, the roofs of certain houses collapsed in result of wind velocity and controlling snow accumulation around new farm buildings in fields, and adjacent to roadsides.

Farmers' News will endeavor to make plans to eliminate some of the weathering experienced so far, and to advise you of the best way to your advantage. See it to that snow accumulations where it will benefit your affairs at any field, young gardens, orchards, fruit trees, hay, and not pile up in the yard on the south side of the house.

Additional benefits are obtained through reduced evaporation, improved appearance, increased root development, reduced soil cutting and much more. See it to that snow accumulation and a supply of fence posts and fuel.

Broadened land opportunities are available to farmers through the Forest Nurseries Station, Indian Head, Saskatchewan, in almost unlimited number. FREE FOREST GROWTH, except postage charges COLLECT. Millions of trees go out to thousands of planters each year. Are YOU taking advantage of this?

For evergreen trees there is a charge of \$3 per 100, and to any order for 100 or more trees, a minimum of 50 trees and a maximum of 500 trees will be supplied; plants per express charges.

No cuttings or evergreen trees are NOT shipped together.

Before these trees are supplied planters are required to sign a contract by a careful summerfall for one year. Keep this regulation in mind when you order. The contract may be mailed to The Forest Nursery Station, Indian Head, Saskatchewan, N.W.T., Canada, or to John Walker, Superintendent, The Forest Nursery Station, Indian Head, Saskatchewan.

not support more than four people, but ten acres of pastures will maintain 42 people or in wheat will maintain 21.

This agricultural work is a big part of the war effort, and Britain was blessed last year with a splendid spring.

Good Friday was observed in town and in the country. It was a day of rest, but in spite of a dust storm moved briskly. It was the heat dust storm we have had for many, many months. It certainly got all out to gardening and stopped all out door work.

A fable is a steam winding its with a moral attachment.

The secret of ignorance is not to know your lack of wisdom

To Help Him NOW . . . and When He Comes Home

YOUR SON (or your neighbor's son) is in battle dress perhaps . . . on a ship at sea, or flying a bomber. You are proud of him, but you pray for the time when he will be back home. You will do anything you can, say, . . . everything you can . . . to bring him home safe, and bring him home soon.

Well, here is one thing you can do! You can buy Victory Bonds.

When you buy Victory Bonds you help your boy to do the big job he is doing now. You help to make sure that he has everything he needs; better equipment than the enemy has. And you are saving money to have a better home for your boy to return to.

HAVE MONEY FOR HIM WHEN HE COMES HOME

He will want to work with new farm implements . . . new equipment . . . to replace things that may be worn out. He will have new ideas to improve the farm. He may want to experiment with new crops, new stock, new farming methods. He's young and ambitious as you want him to be.

He will need money to do things he plans to do. Victory Bonds . . . money saved now and loaned to Canada to help win the war . . . will be yours and his to use when the war is over.

BACK THE ATTACK

Buy all the VICTORY BONDS you can

WHAT IS A VICTORY BOND?

A VICTORY BOND is the promise of the Dominion of Canada to repay in cash the full face value of the Bond at the time stipulated, with half-yearly interest at the rate of 3% per annum until maturity. A Victory Bond is the safest investment in Canada. The entire resources of the Dominion stand behind it. Canada has been loaned to the world, and has never failed to pay every dollar of principal and interest. A Victory Bond is an asset more readily converted into cash than any other security.



Wear this emblem of Victory

National War Finance Committee

Men Born From 1902 to 1924 Must Prove Compliance With Mobilization Regulations When Asking Permits to Seek Employment

BY Order pursuant to National Selective Service Civilian Regulation, a claim is now made in the name of persons to seek employment.

After April 30, 1943, persons may be refused to enter the Republic of Canada from 1902 to 1924, inclusive, who has reached 18, unless he presents satisfactory evidence of compliance with Mobilization Regulations, in one of the following ways:

(a) A certificate of discharge from His Majesty's Forces during this war; or (b) a rejection slip issued by the Army or application for release from the Canadian Army or the Canadian Reserve Board; or (c) a postumous order certificate from the Registrar of the Mobilization Board; or (d) if none of the above is available, a copy of the card issued on form 100 available in employment office, that he is not a "single person" under Mobilization Regulations.

Documents in (a), (b) and (c) above must be filed with the first War Service Office after April 30, 1943, unless asked for by a Selective Service Officer. Documents in (c) and (d) should be presented each time a permit is applied for.

(1) Mail the documents with the application for a permit to the Selective Service Officer. MAX furnish a copy of the documents, and evidence, where the applicant's services are required for immediate employment, or where a permit is issued by the Selective Service Officer in the name of the employer, the documents must be presented to the Selective Service Officer later, usually WITHIN THREE DAYS of the issue of the permit.

All men born from 1902 to 1924, who have reached age 19, are urged to co-operate with your Employment and Selective Service Office. Bring your documents with you.

Department of Labour

HUMPHREY MITCHELL,
Minister of Labour
A. MacNAMARA,
Director, National Selective Service

ns-1

Notice of Preparation of Assessment Roll

TOWN OF GLEICHEN ASSESSMENT ROLL 1943

Notice is hereby given that the assessment roll of the Town of Gleichen for the year 1943 has been prepared and is now open for inspection at the office of the secretary-treasurer of the Town from ten o'clock in the forenoon to three o'clock in the afternoon on every day which is not a public holiday, except Saturday, and on that day from ten o'clock in the forenoon until noon and that any person who objects to the entry of his name or that of any person upon the said roll, or to the assessment of any property, must within thirty days after the date of this notice lodge a complaint in writing with the secretary-treasurer.

Dated this 12th day of April 1943.

A single bicycle tire and tube give the aluminum in a single washing enough rubber for the insulation of machine of average size is enough to build 21 four round incendiary bombs.

News Items of Local Interest

The Alberta Farm for Victory Committee has issued a call for volunteer harvesters to assist farmers throughout the crops now lying in the fields. School boys 14 years and over are being asked to help with the work.

Monday night, the Indians staged a big dance and banquet at the Cowfoot hall. It began to look as though every time the Indians put on their dance the white people get up and stage one although either dance does not in any way detract from the other.

Kings Schmidt, R.C.A.F., Bagotville, Que., spent a couple of days in town last week. Kips states there is not much to attract him here now since every one of his former playmates have enlisted and are scattered all over the universe, but still there

is something about the old town he likes.

Support for Alberta's Farm for Victory plan has been given by the Dominion and as the first contribution the Ontario government has paid part of the costs of maintaining field labour men to organize production and labor schemes throughout the province.

The spring fever has hit W. J. Pogson, secretary-treasurer of the town. During the past couple of weeks he has kept J. E. Nicholas busy. The latter, surrounded by many new houses, has cut down to a bare two feet from the ground which is a decided improvement and shows the monument to advantage. We now know what is in the lawn by the Community Hall. The lawn in front of the town office has been dug up

and new seed will be planted, said Pogson. W. J. states when he gets through with the improvements he has in mind, the tax payers will find more joy in wandering through the streets to his office to pay their taxes and other accounts due the town.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Bogstie and daughter Peggie left during the weekend for Minot, N. D., to attend the funeral of Mr. Bogstie's brother, Henry. They expect to be away to about two weeks.

Freddie Brown, R.C.A.F., who is located at Trenton, Ontario, arrived in town yesterday en route to his home in Arrowwood for a visit. He left for Edmonton Sunday afternoon. He will return the latter part of his week then head for Trenton to resume his duties.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Schmidt will move to Gleichen from Calgary shortly. For several years now Mr. Schmidt has been working in Ottawa with the MRC. He did not come with his health consequently he resigned his position and will return to town to open up his machine shop.

Last week the Indians received their lease money. Other years each received \$2, but this time only about half that amount. The balance will be used to help maintain the stores and especially the restaurant, which makes H.Shy Ika A stakin shaship a roaring business and had extra help on hand to serve the crowd. The Indians have been on hand endeavoring to collect money the Indians may have owed them for services rendered in the past.

Despite gasoline rationing and other restrictions car licenses in Alberta this year do not appear likely to fall far short of the previous year's total. For instance a compilation made by the provincial government indicates nearly one-half of the 31,000 car licences issued in 1942 were still valid. In fact, 21,000 of those licences had been issued. At the same date a year ago, the total was 31,000. A year ago, it was pointed out, there was a rush to buy licences in March because of the factors which were influenced by the gasoline rationing. This year there was not the same rush in March; it was believed that the rationing system has become more stabilized.

MISCELLANEOUS ADS.

FOR SALE—Winnipeg Coach. Apply Mrs. C. Thompson, phone 68 Gladchen.

J. Mackie,
J. McDonald,
J. E. Clark,
J. E. House,
K. H. Cochrane,
J. C. Hansen,
J. Rilly,
Rev. S.M. Gerald Phillips,
Rev. S. L. Bourne, R.C.A.F.
W. M. Slauder, Postal Corp.,
E. C. Cork, Postal Corp.,
B. Simpson,
J. R. Riddell, R.C.G.A.
H. Davenport,
J. McMullen,
C. Kuepc,
F. J. Ross, Dodgeon M.M.,
L. C. Taylor, E. Taylor, R.G.A.
Major J. Cook, R.C.A.
C. O. Phillips, R.C.H.A.
W. Hill, R.C.H.A.
H. Bogstie, R.C.H.A.
J. Macmillan, R.C.A.
F. Macmillan, R.C.A.
R. Sheets, R.C.A.S.C.
J. Sheets, R.C.A.S.C.
Art Bremer, Inst. Staff.
R. Moss, R.E.
J. Moore, R.C.C.S.
M. Moss, R.C.C.S.
W. Service, Home Guard.
F. Jones, 30 Act. Co. V.G.
Emilson, 2nd 108th Battery,
Lt. C. L. Lester, R.C.A.
R. E. Clifford,
E. T. Woods,
W. E. Murray,
G. V. Newell,
L. Davenport,
J. G. Neil,
V. Barabas,
R. G. Barabas, R.C.A.F.
J. Schmidt, R.C.A.F.
H. M. Harrison, R.C.A.F.
F. E. Harris, R.C.A.F.
C. P. Evans, R.C.A.F.
F. McCallum, R.C.A.F.
C. McCallum, R.C.A.F.
I. House, R.C.A.F.
F. Pit, A. W. Clifford, D F C
J. Michael, R.C.A.F.
R. McCallum, R.C.A.F.
J. Gilbert, R.C.A.F.
J. Desjardins, R.C.A.F.
I. W. Nicholas, R.C.A.F.
S. E. Williams, R.C.A.F.
W. J. Watt, R.C.A.F.
J. Richards, R.C.A.
T. Dankworth, R.C.A.
D. Moore, R.C.A.
J. Grant, R.C.A.
J. Grant, Print Co., R.C.A.S.C.
W. Schmidt, R.C.S.C.
Geo. Soiter, R.C.A.S.O.
V. Anglin, R.C.A.S.C.
A. Peacock, R.C.A.S.C.
J. W. McLean, R.C.A.C.
J. McLean, R.C.O.C.
C. McLean, R.C.O.C.
J. Walker, R.A.F.
G. Walker, R.A.F.
John Plant, R.A.F.
O. Bremner, R.C.A.M.C.
H. Jones, Engineers
R. Hansen.

Women's Department

Aw.2 (Miss) L. Royal, R.C.A.F.

Aw.2 (Miss) E. Oster, R.C.A.F.

Aw.1 (Miss) J. McConnell, R.C.A.F.

Aw.1 (Miss) A. Service, R.C.A.F.

Aw.1 (Miss) M. Dafoe, R.C.A.F.

Aw.1 (Miss) L. Thorburn, R.C.A.F.

Pte. (Miss) M. Norwell.

QUREEN'S CORPS ENLISTMENTS

Sgt. E. Oster, R.C.A.

Cpl. W. Paine, R.C.A.

Cpl. K. J. McLaughlin, R.C.A.

Bndr. T. R. James, R.C.A.

Bndr. E. G. Kingsmith, R.C.A.

Cpl. G. L. Lamb, R.C.A.

L. Bndr. E. Schulz, R.C.A.

Pte. C. Labd, R.C.A.S.C.

Pte. S. Godkin, R.C.A.S.C.

Pte. E. Donkin, R.C.A.S.C.

Sgt. S. H. McLean, R.C.O.C.

Cpl. C. Strum, R.C.O.C.

L. Cpl. S. McDermid, R.C.O.C.

Cpl. J. James, M.T.C.

Cpl. D. S. Clemons, R.C.O.C.

Pte. C. Labd, R.C.A.S.C.

Sgt. K. P. Flanigan, R.C.C.S.

Ac. L. O. Nelson, R.C.A.F.

Ac. D. H. Laine, R.C.A.F.

Gnr. L. J. Hagg, R.C.A.F.

Ac. M. J. McConnell, R.C.A.F.

Pte. O. R. McLean, R.C.A.F.

Gnr. S. Hagg, R.C.A.T.C.

Ac. 2 M. A. Johnson, R.C.A.F.

Pte. W. E. Francis, R.C.P.C.

Pte. W. E. Francis, R.C.P.C.

Gnr. H. J. James, R.C.A.T.C.Q.

Ac. W. Mallett, R.C.A.P.C.

Pte. W. W. McCallum.

Women's Department

Aw. 1 (Miss) E. Lehd, R.C.A.F.

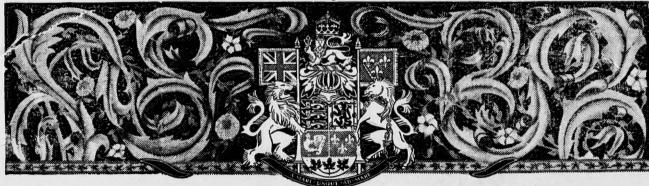
Aw. 1 (Miss) L. A. Jackson, R.C.A.F.

"CALGARY" BUSINESS COLLEGE

"LEADS TO SUCCESS"
ENTER ANY BUSINESS DAY!

221a EIGHTH AVENUE WEST. M4039

TUNE TO: Crosby Cavalcade GJGJ Every Sunday 4 p.m.



A profession of faith

We have faith in Canada
We have faith in her past
that the courage of the pioneers and the spirit which achieved Confederation and linked a continent with the shining steel of railways have laid strong foundations for national greatness and unity.
We have faith in her present—in the part she is playing to save the world from tyranny...in her young men and women who serve on land and sea and in the air...in her workers who labour for more than wages...in every man and woman and child striving for Victory.
We have faith in her future, believing that she is destined to exert an ever-increasing influence in world affairs, and in the shaping of tomorrow, when many will turn to her with new hope.

We have faith in more than the statistics of Canada's bank clearings and her car-loadings, the vastness of

her untapped resources, or even the glorious war record of a people numbering less than twelve millions.
Our faith is a faith in a land we love, whose soul speaks to us from every free acre of Canadian soil...in the splendour of the Rockies at sunset, the blue mystery of a Laurentian dawn, the quiet of an Ontario woodlot, the far call of prairie horizons, the sound of surf on the Atlantic shore and the wash of the Pacific tides. It speaks to us from churchyards where Canadian dead lie beneath the tribute of English blossoms...from the poppy fields of France and Flanders...from the winged and seafaring and mechanized epics of a new war.
Our faith is a faith in her people...people, noted and obscure, with whom we daily rub shoulders...and by whose united effort, sacrifice and creative vigour the greater Canada of tomorrow will be built.

We have faith in Canada

Every Victory Bond you Buy is an Act of Faith * in Canada

CANADIAN PACIFIC — CANADIAN NATIONAL

